Docket No.: 10496-US-PA

Application No.: 10/600,700

<u>REMARKS</u>

Present Status of the Application

Claims 1-5, 7-11, 13-17, and 21-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being

unpatentable over Vincent (US Publication No. 2004/0015953, hereinafter "Vincent") in

view of Zhang et al. (US Patent No. 7,228,539, hereinafter "Zhang").

Claims 6 and 25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over

Vincent in view of Harrow et al. (US Publication No. 2003/0074403, hereinafter

"Harrow").

Claims 12 and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over

Vincent in view of Zhang.

Response to Claim Rejections under 35 U.S.C. 103(a)

Claims 1-5, 7-11, 13-17, and 21-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being

unpatentable over Vincent in view of Zhang. Claims 6 and 25 are rejected under 35

U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Vincent in view of Harrow. Claims 12 and 20

are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Vincent in view of Zhang.

In the response made by the Examiner, it recites that "as acknowledged by the

office action that Vincent does not disclose first-client server communicates with system

server using interversion protocol." Apparently, the Examiner also admits that "Vincent

does not disclose first-client server communicates with system server using interversion

protocol." In fact, from the specification of *Vincent*, it is concluded that:

Docket No.: 10496-US-PA

Application No.: 10/600,700

1. Vincent does not disclose first-client server; and

2. Vincent does not disclose communicating using interversion protocol.

Since the Examiner cannot find any element from Vincent to correspond to the

first-client server of the present application, it is hard to say that, from Vincent, persons

skilled in the art can "imagine" the first-client server and "derive" that first-client server

communicates with system server using interversion protocol.

To avoid misunderstanding, the Applicant herein restates that the main feature of

the present application is to "dispose two client servers in the user terminal to

respectively communication with two servers of a system server through different

types of protocols." As shown in Fig. 2 of the present application, the user terminal 18-1

comprises a first client-server structure 24, a second client-server structure 26 and an

agent 28, wherein the first client-server structure 24 communicates with a first server 12-1

of the system server 12 using the interversion protocol (IVP) and the second client-server

structure 26 communicates with a second server 12-2 of the system server 12 using the

file transfer protocol (FTP). Through the cooperation of the two client servers (first

client-server structure 24 and a second client-server structure 26) and the two protocols

(IVP and FTP), the user terminal of the present application is able to perform software

update.

However, Vincent only discloses that a single user computer transfers files using

FTP, which neither teaches the two-server structure nor teaches the cooperation of two

protocols of the present application. Even though Zhang discloses the inter-server

communication, person skilled in the art has no motivation to add one more client server

3

Docket No.: 10496-US-PA

Application No.: 10/600,700

to the user terminal of Vincent, no mention to apply the IVP of Zhang to cooperate with

FTP of Vincent.

Based on the above, it is believed that Vincent, Zhang, and Harrow, alone or in

combination, do not disclose distinguishable feature of claim 1, thus the prima facie case

of obviousness has not yet been established. Withdrawal of the rejection of claim 1 and

its dependent claims 2-8 is respectfully requested.

The Examiner applied the same rejection to independent claims 10 and 17.

However, as recited in the above, person skilled in the art has no motivation to combine

the IVP of Zhang with the FTP of Vincent and it is believed that Vincent, Zhang, and

Harrow, alone or in combination, do not disclose distinguishable feature of claims 10 and

17, thus the prima facie case of obviousness has not yet been established. Withdrawal of

the rejection of claims 10 and 17 and their dependent claims 11-16 and 20-25 is

respectfully requested.

4

Docket No.: 10496-US-PA

Application No.: 10/600,700

CONCLUSION

For at least the foregoing reasons, it is believed that the pending claims 1-17 and 20-25 are in proper condition for allowance and an action to such effect is earnestly solicited. If the Office believes that a telephone conference would expedite the examination of the above-identified patent application, the Office is invited to call the undersigned.

Respectfully submitted,

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